Paralytic Shellfish Poisoning: Implications of Absent Red Tide Monitoring in a Mussel Farm- Visayas, Philippines, 2013

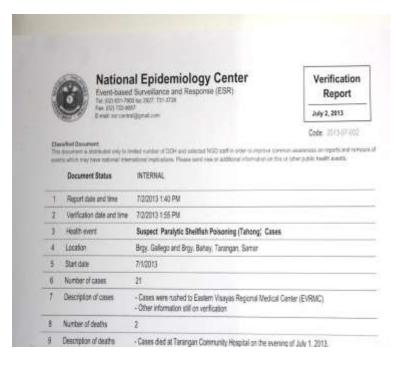
Paola Katrina G. Ching, RN, MAN Epidemiology Bureau Department of Health





Introduction

- July 2, 2013- report on PSP* among 21 residents of Gallego & Bahay Village in Tarangan, West Samar
- July 3, 2013- coordinated with CHD** Eastern Visayas
- July 8, 2013 team was sent to investigate







Objectives

- 1. To confirm the diagnosis
- 2. To determine source & mode of transmission
- 3. To identify risk factors
- 4. To recommend control and preventive measures





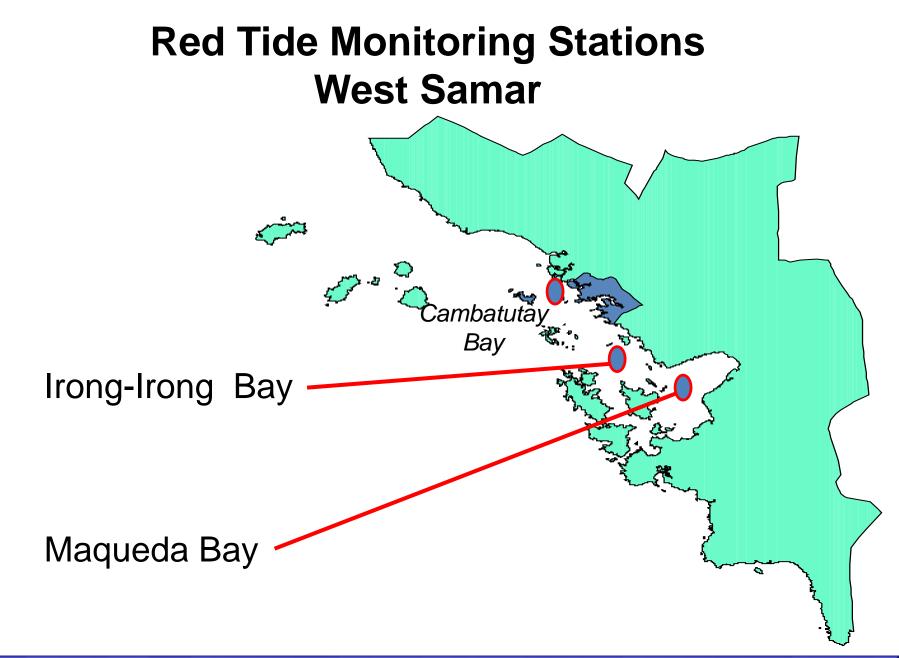
Background Samar

Tarangnan

Villages: 41 Population: 25, 703 Bay: Cambatutay Industry: Agriculture, Fishing Mussel Farm 5,000 metric tons shellfish production/yr











Methods

I. Descriptive Study

- Review of Records
- Face to face Interview
- Key Informant Interview
- Environmental Survey
- Laboratory Examination Mussel Human (Urine & Blood) Seawater
- II. Case-Control Study
 - 1:3 unmatched











Case Definition

Suspect Case

Previously well individual from Gallego & Bahay Village in Tarangan, Samar who developed any motor, and/or sensory with gastrointestinal symptoms after a meal from June 29 to July 4, 2013.

Confirmed Case

Suspect case with a positive Saxitoxin in blood or urine.

Control

Any resident of Gallego Village & Bahay Village in Tarangan, Samar who did not develop any sensory, motor & gastrointestinal symptoms after a meal.



Fig. 1: PSP Cases by Onset of Illness (N=31) Tarangnan, West Samar, June 29-July 4, 2013 No. of Cases IP: 1 Hr to 23 Hrs (Median= 11 hrs) 7 Death ■ Cases 6 CFR = 6%5 4 3 2 1 12:01-6:00 pm mm 0 6:01-12:00 m 6:01-12:00 m 12 am 6 am 1,5:0, e:0, 1,5 sure 5:0, 0, 1,5 sure 5:0, 0, 1,5 sure 5:0, 1,5 sure 5:0 N2 amer 28-Jun 1-Jul 29-Jun 30-2-Jul 3-Jul 4-Jul July 5-8 Jun Date of Onset of Illness



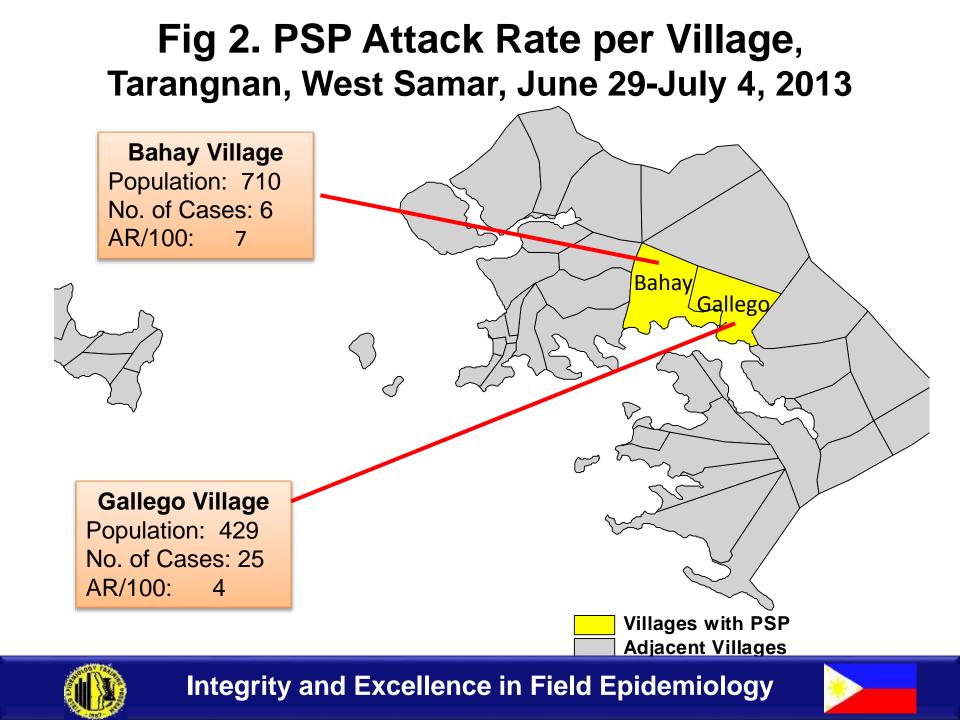
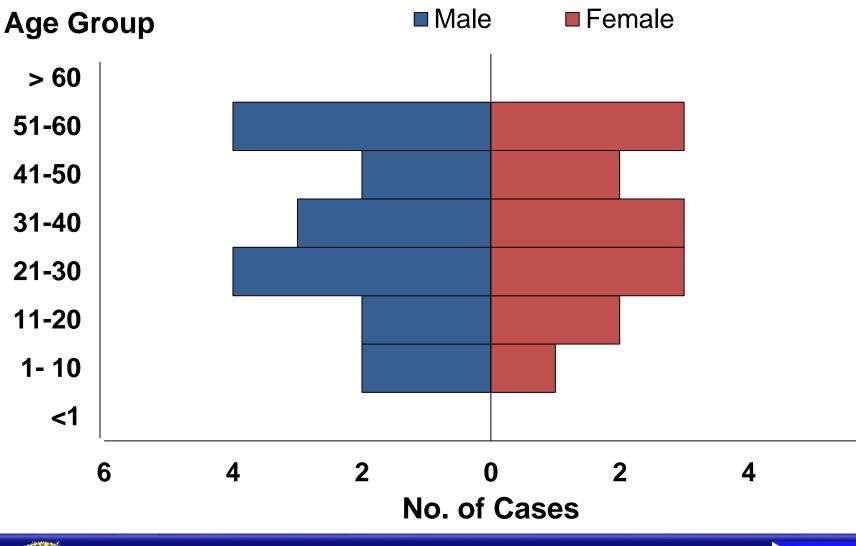


Fig 3. PSP Cases by Age Group & Sex (N=31) Tarangnan, West Samar, June 29-July 4, 2013



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Fig 4. Signs & Symptoms of PSP Cases (N=31)* Tarangnan, West Samar, June 29-July 4, 2013

Signs & Symptoms

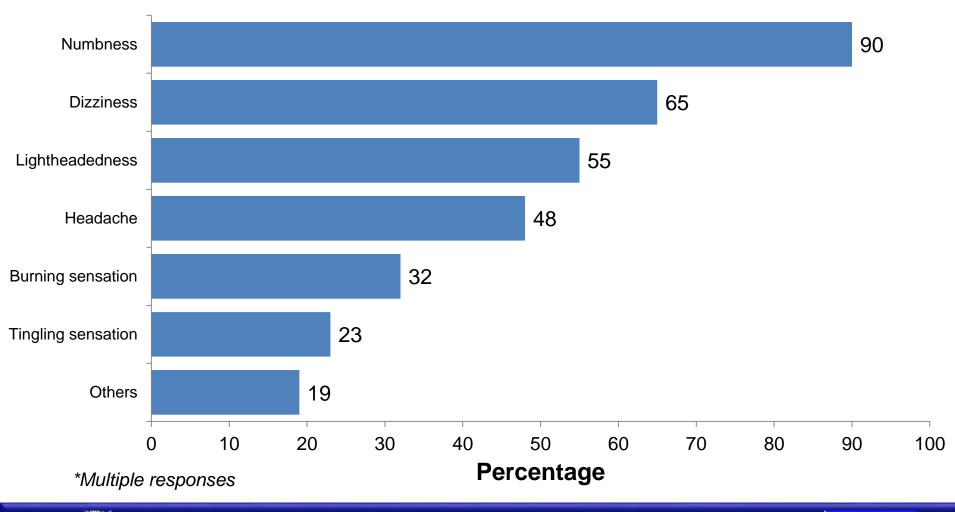


Fig. 5. PSP Cases Most Sources of Food (N=31) Tarangnan, West Samar, June 29-July 4, 2013

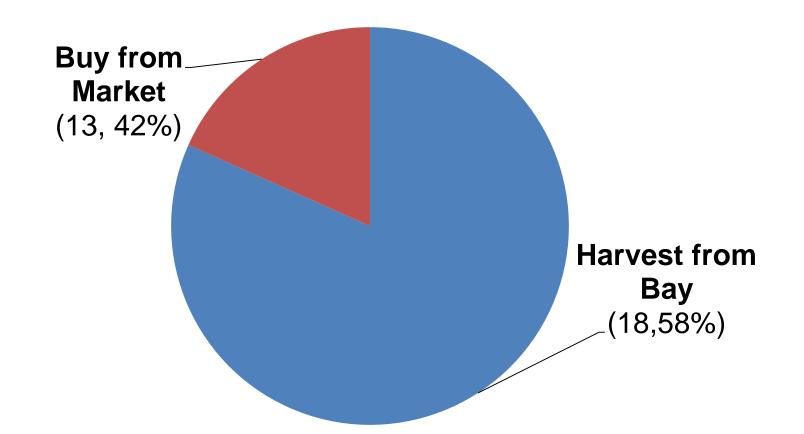






Fig. 6. Types of Food Consumed by PSP Cases (N=31)* Tarangnan, West Samar, June 29-July 4, 2013

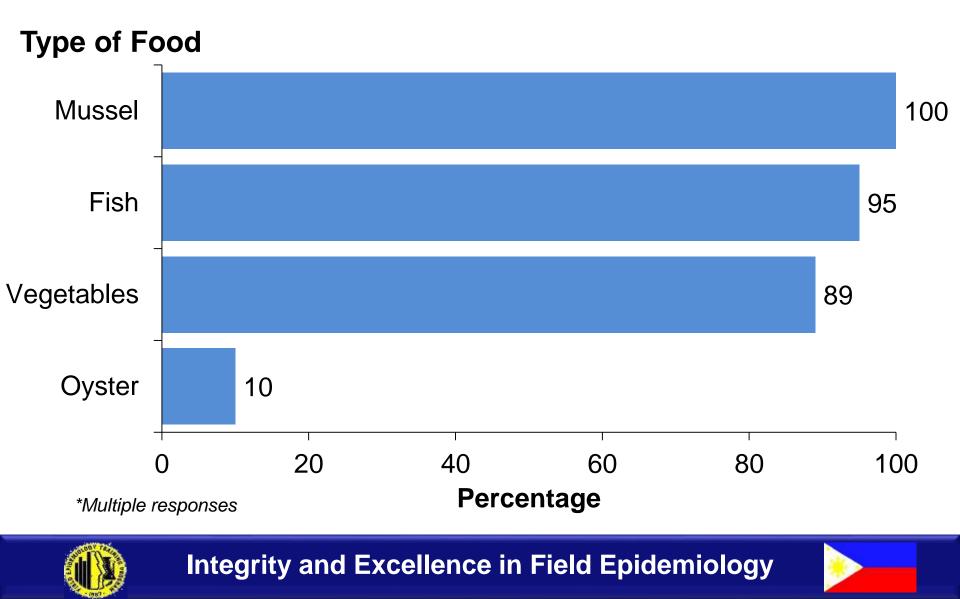


Fig. 7. Types of Shellfish Preparation by PSP Cases (N=31), Tarangnan, West Samar, June 29-July 4, 2013

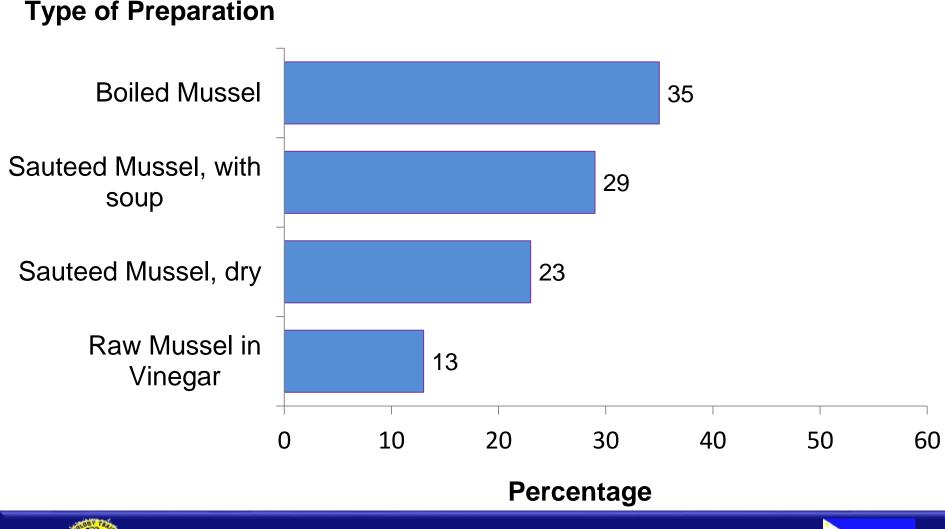
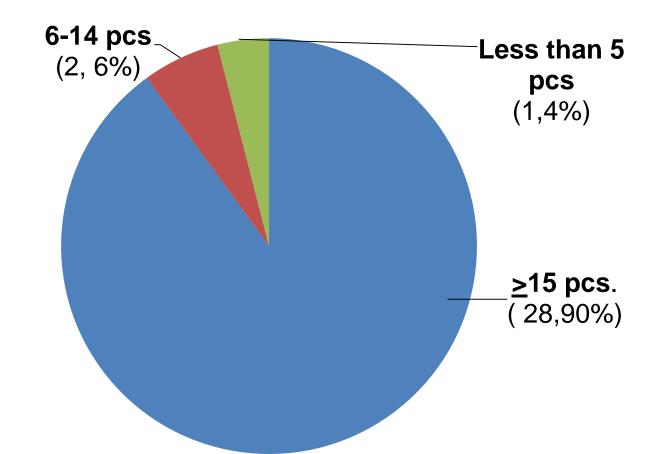


Fig 9. No. of Pieces of Green Mussel Meat Eaten by PSP Cases (N=31) Tarangnan, West Samar, June 29-July 4, 2013







Laboratory Result

I. Food Samples

Sample Site:

Samples:

Result:

Cambatutay Bay, Gallego Village Green Mussel (*Perna virides*) 225 *u*gSTXeq/100 g shellfish meat

MINALITY.

(Normal: ≤ 80 *u*gSTXeq)

Source: Bureau of Fisheries & Aquatic Resources



Laboratory Result

II. Human Serum & Urine Samples

No Saxitoxin detected

III. Water Samples

• Positive for *Pyrodinium bahamense var* compressum





Key Informant Interview

- 1983 & 2009- reported PSP Case
- Contaminated bay because
 of a landfill
- No succeeding monitoring
- June 2013red discoloration of seawater
- Loss of income for 11 villages







Environmental Survey



Coastal areas



Wastes directly disposed in the shore





Table 5. Risk Factors on Multivariate Analysis,Tarangnan, West Samar, June 29-July 4, 2013

Factors	Odds Ratio	95% Confidence Interval	p-value
Consumed atleast 1 cup Broth	12	2.14-63.15	0.0045
Ate Green Mussel more than one meal	6	1.08-29.45	0.0406





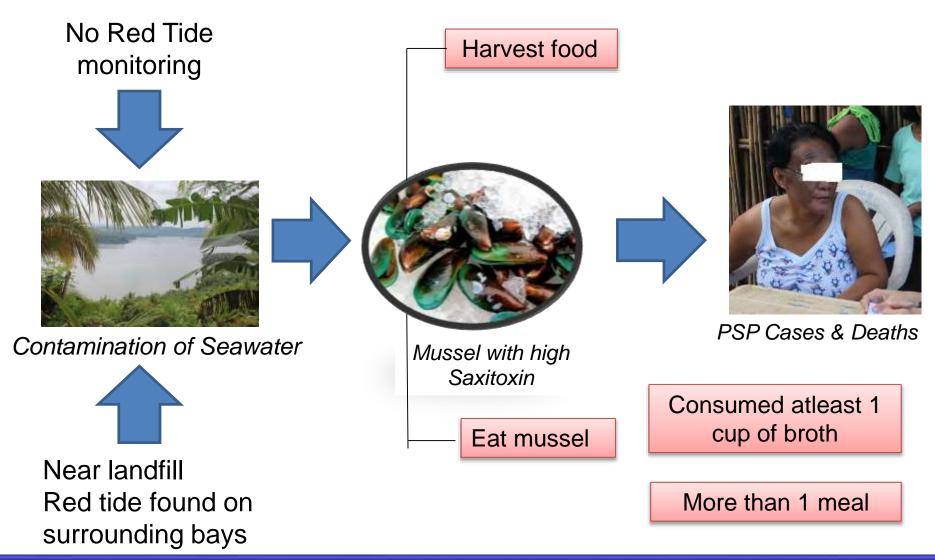
Conclusion

- Paralytic Shellfish Poisoning outbreak in Tarangnan, West Samar
- High number of cases
- Case Fatality Rate= 6%
- Cambatutay Bay-positive for *p. bahamense var compressum*.
- Green mussel, bivalve shellfish- positive for high *Saxitoxin* level
- Cases had eaten green mussel & its broth





Discussion





Recommendations

Bureau of Fisheries & Aquatic Resources

• To impose a total ban on the harvest, sale & consumption of shellfish

• To assign a permanent point person

To include Cambatutay Bay as monitoring station



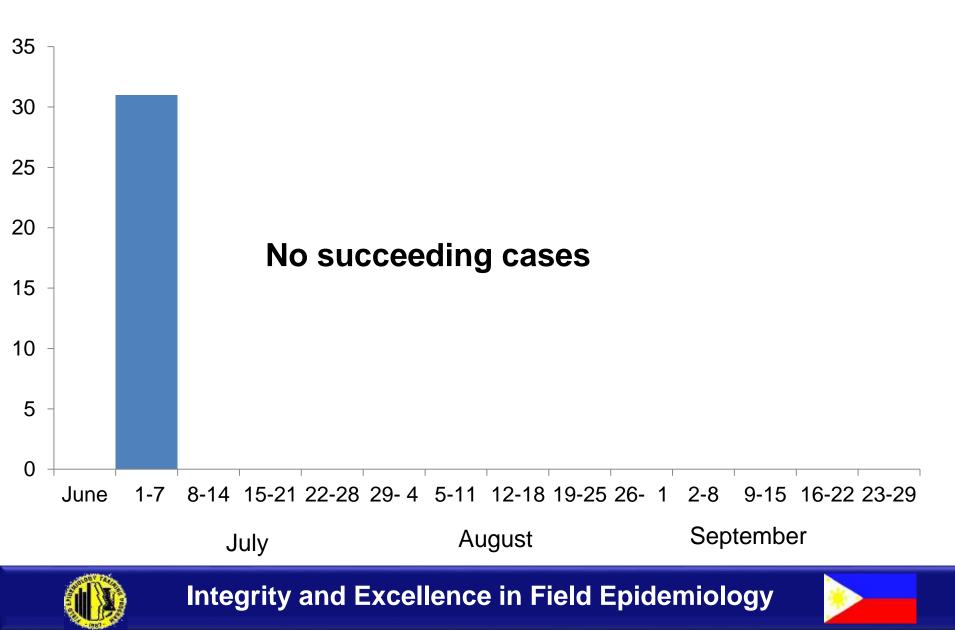
Recommendations

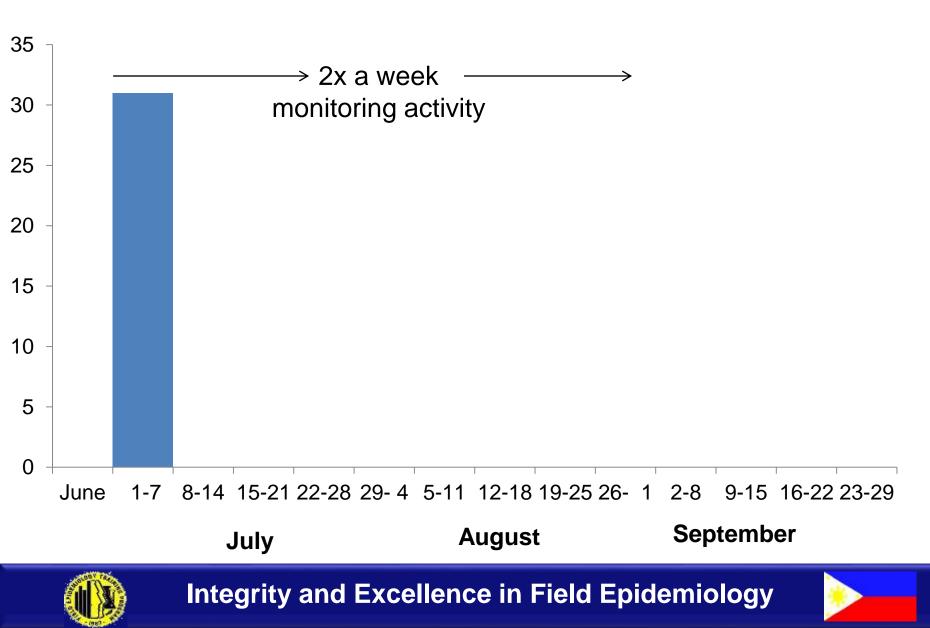
Local Government Unit of Tarangnan

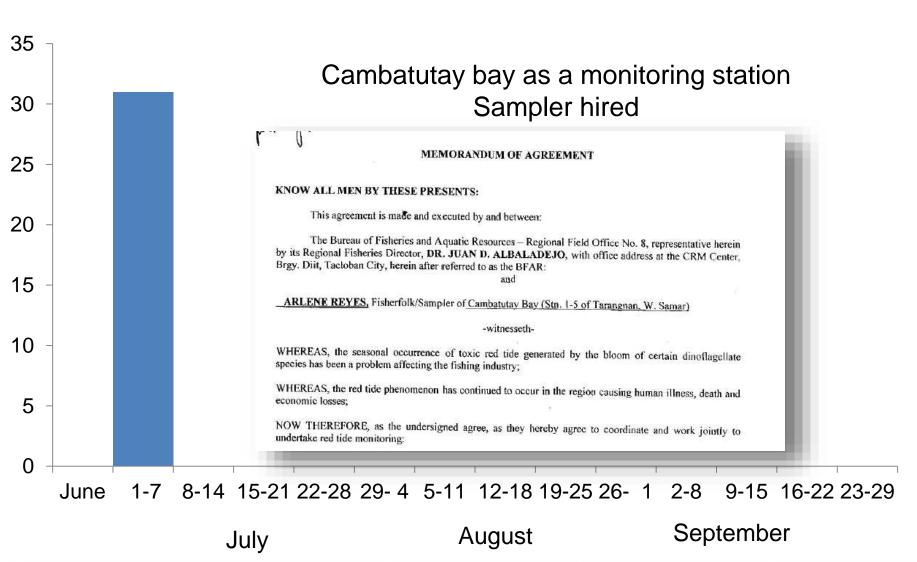
- To regulate the total ban of shellfish
- To create a local task force
- To conduct coastal clean-up.

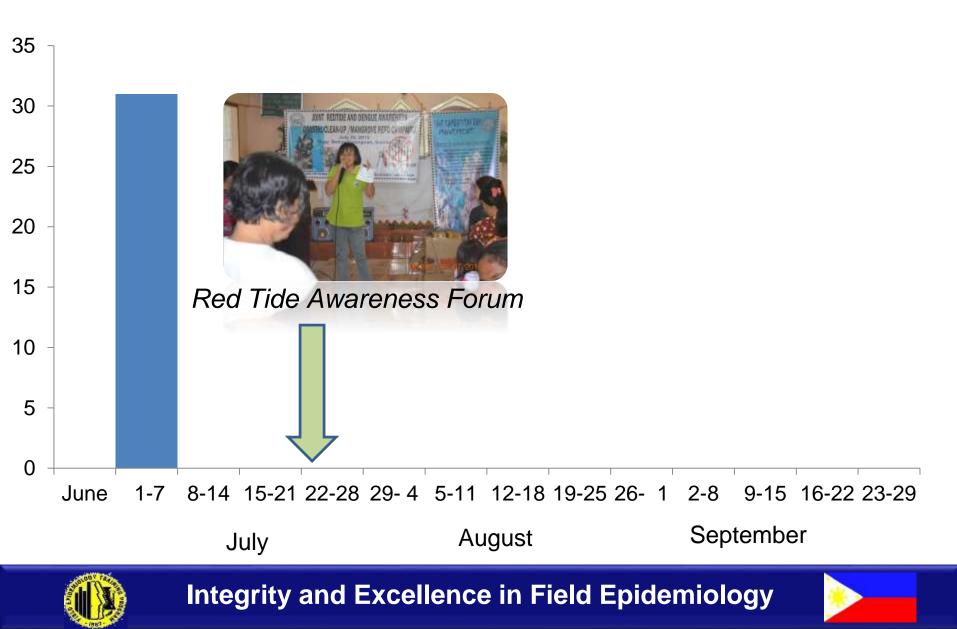


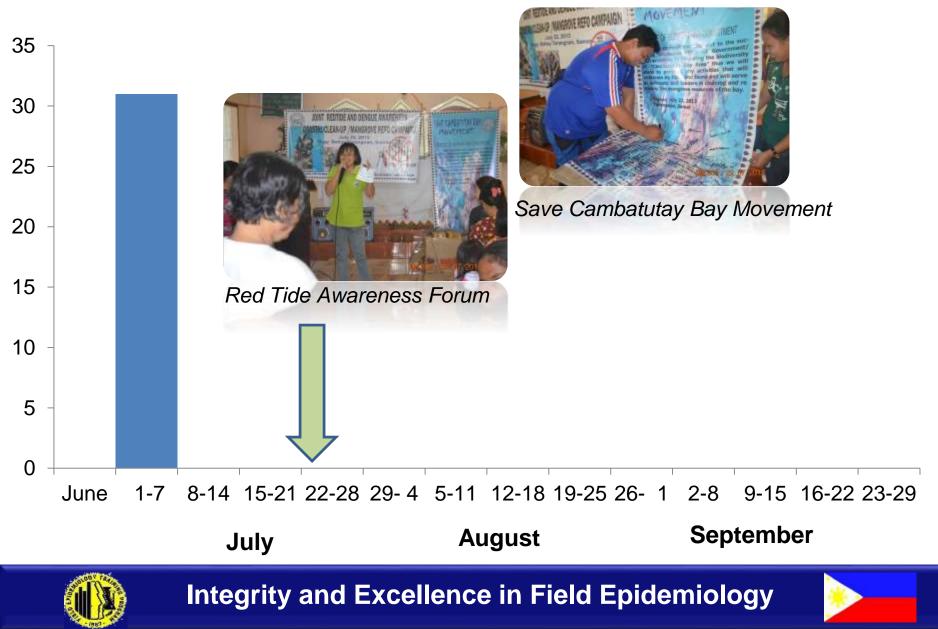


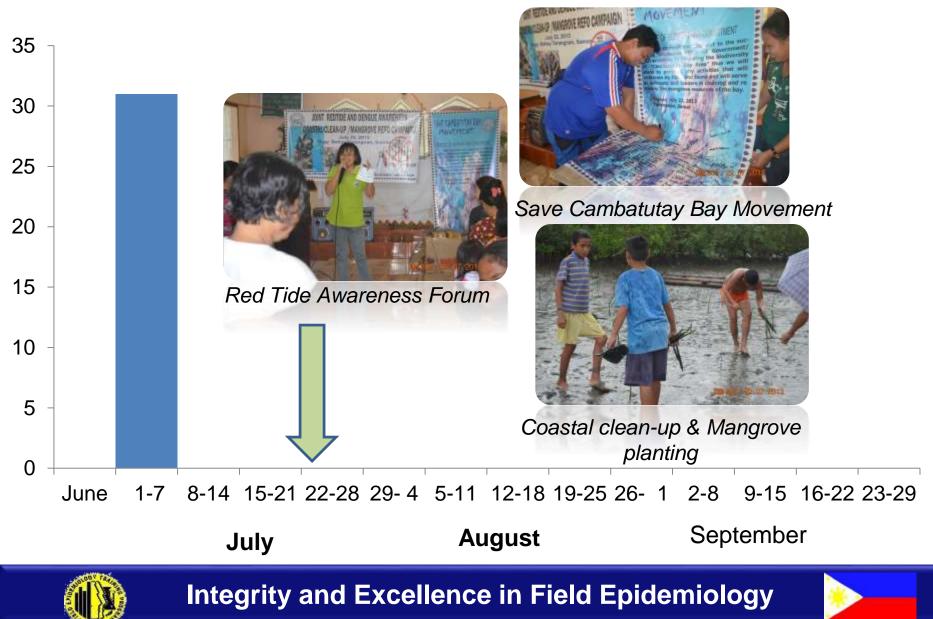


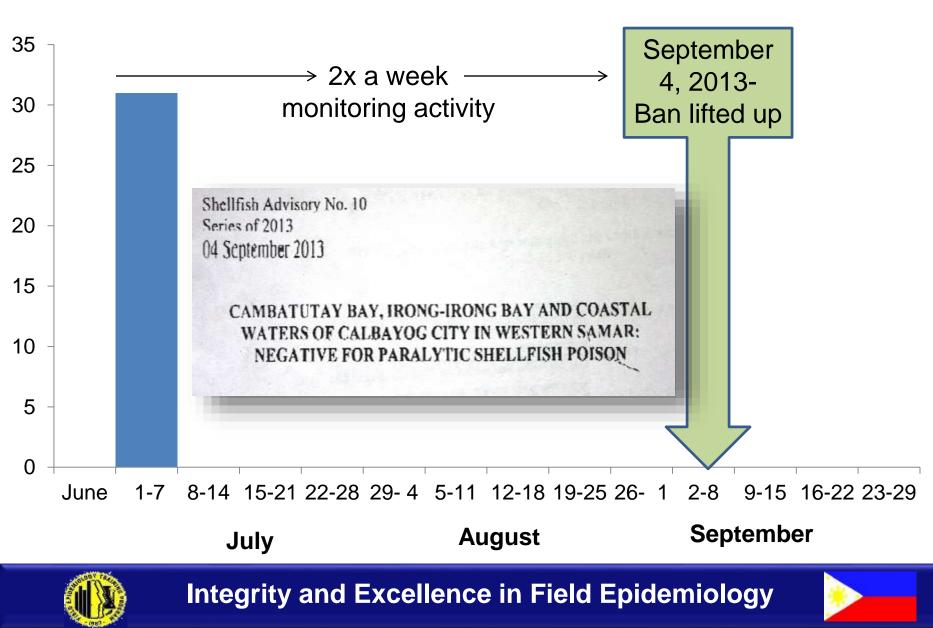


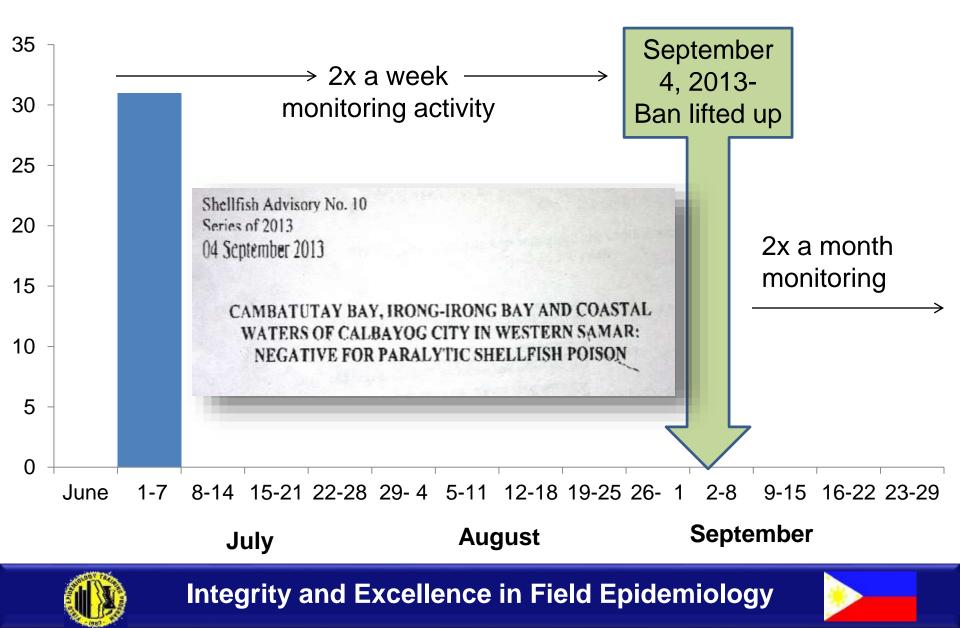














The One Health concept recognizes the interrelationship between animal, human and environmental health.



