Ocean renewable energy development; experience from the UK September 2015



Overview

- Why ocean renewable energy?
- Aquatera and ocean renewable energy
- Ocean renewable energy in Orkney
- Ocean energy and the environment
- Key lessons from the UK



Why develop marine energy?

EC Blue Energy Communication

- Source of clean energy
- Vast resource (tidal current, wave, offshore wind, OTEC, tidal range)
- Generate economic growth and jobs in coastal and inland areas
- Contribute to self-sufficiency and replace expensive diesel generated electricity
- Contribute to decarbonisation goals



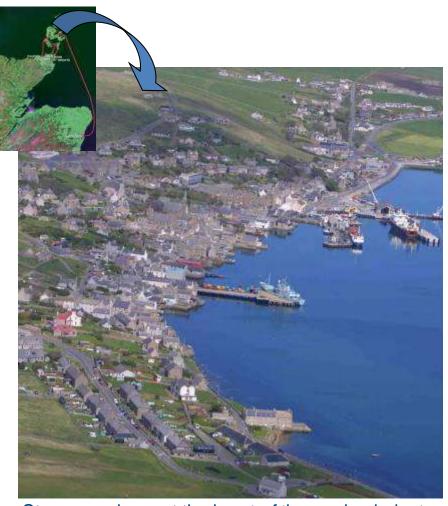


Aquatera and ocean energy



Aquatera

- Founded in 2000
- Located in Stromness
 Orkney
- Aquatera Chile established in 2014
- 26 core employees based in Orkney
- ~25 Associates located around the World
- Established network of local and international delivery partners



Stromness base at the heart of the marine industry



Aquatera team

Core employees

Full time and part time employees covering core disciplines

Associate team

Large group of associates that support team on a project basis

Core delivery partners

Companies that we work with on a regular basis to enhance projects and provide a turn key service

Local delivery partners

Key experts in particular fields that are used for advise and support



Exporting success





Key activities in ocean renewables

- Resource assessment and site selection
- Environmental impact assessment and permitting support
- Environmental monitoring and management
- Stakeholder consultation
- Construction and operations planning
- Operations and logistics management
- Health and safety management
- Compliance monitoring and regulator liaison
- Project management and turnkey services
- Strategic planning and industry Roadmapping
- Supply chain analysis and socio-economic assessments



Some of our wave and tidal clients

Wave technology





Tidal technology













工業技術研究院
Industrial Technology
Research Institute





















aoaatera

Some of our other clients

Organisations

Governments

Multinationals





















































Devices







Ocean Renewable Energy in Orkney

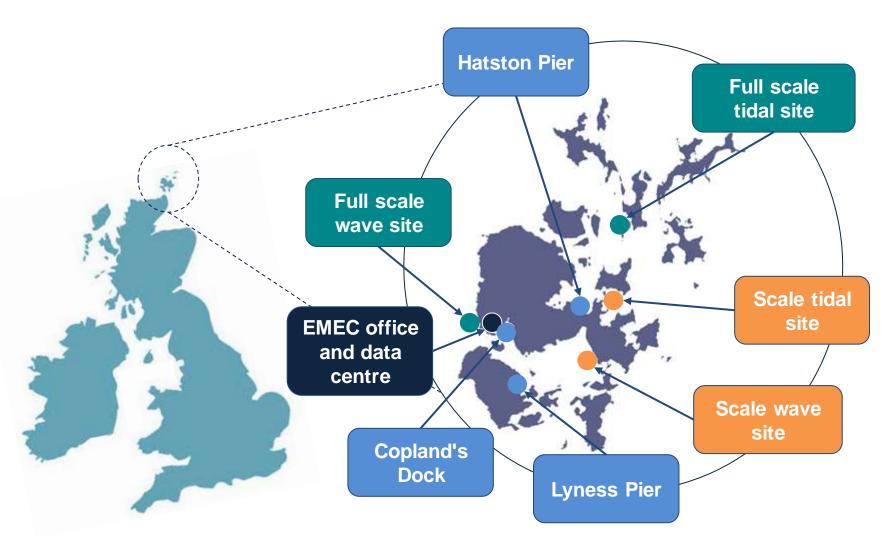




European Marine Energy Centre (EMEC)

Where is EMEC?





Wave test site: Billia Croo





Tidal test site: Fall of Warness





Achievement



2003/4

openhydro

Marine energy supply chain in Orkney





Supply chain experience in Orkney to date

- 18 technology companies operating
- 25 deployments of individual devices
- Over 20 permits obtained
- Over 100 surveys undertaken
- Over 2000 marine operations completed
- Over 30 supply chain companies active































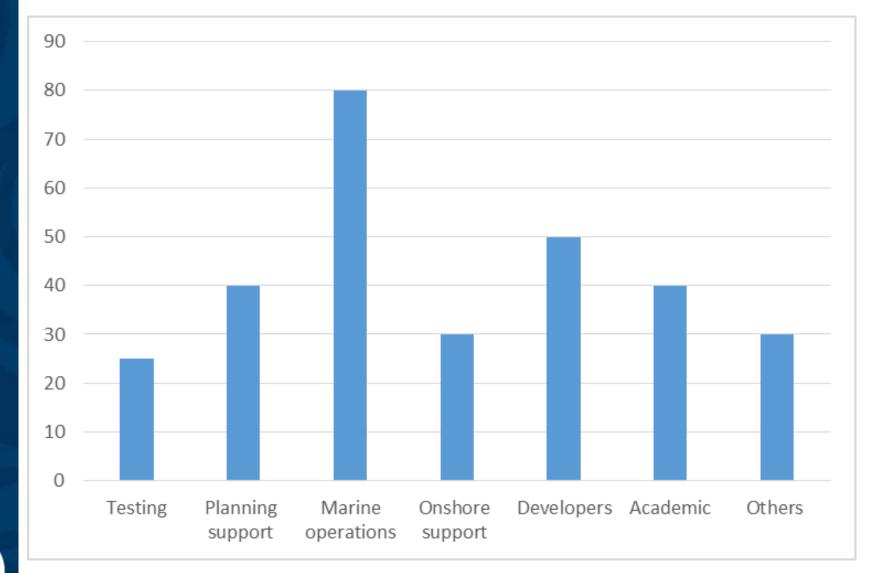
Employment

Around 250 people now working/studying marine renewable energy in Orkney. Total jobs on Orkney 10,000, direct marine energy = ~2.5%





Supply chain breakdown





Total investments in renewables to date (2012)

Area	Gross investment to date in Orkney	Orkney investment to date	Orkney contribution (%)
Marine (wave)	£100M	£5M	5%
Marine (tidal)	£140M	£10M	7%
Ports	£20M	£10M	50%
Boats	£15M	£15M	100%
New grid	£25M	£5M	20%
Energy demand	£20M	£20M	100%
Total	£318M	£65M	30%



Current Status



Current activity in Orkney

- Operational wave and tidal current devices
- New devices installed in Q4 2015
- R&D into cost reduction
- Infrastructure upgrades in planning
- R&D into energy storage
- Array planning
- Consent applications for commercial scale sites







Planning large scale arrays

Site Name	Owner(s) of Tenant
osta Head	SSE Renewables Developments (UK) Limited
Vestray South	SSE Renewables Developments (UK) Limited
Brough Head	Aquamarine Power Limited & SSE Renewables Holdings (UK) Limited
Marwick Head	ScottishPower Renewables UK Limited
West Orkney Middle South	E.ON Climate & Renewables UK Limited
West Orkney South	E.ON Climate & Renewables UK Limited
Cantick Head	SSE Renewables Holdings (UK) Limited & OpenHydro Site Development Limited
Brough Ness	Marine Current Turbines Limited
Inner Sound	Atlantis Resources Corporation Pte Limited, International Power Marine Developments Limited, Morgan Stanley Capital Group Incorporated
Ness of Duncansby	ScottishPower Renewables UK Limited
Farr Point	Pelamis Wave Power Limited
Do Fr	ean Power olivery Ltd arr Point
Jr. 25	50MN



Environmental interactions; lessons learnt to date



Underwater noise

Wello Oy - Penguin

- Acoustic survey (2012)
 by ICIT and Aquatera
- Ambient background noise levels to be reached within approximately 10m from the device

Current thinking:

- No significant impacts from the operation of single devices and small arrays







Seabed effects from drilling

- Seabed surveys
 - Baseline
 - Post installation
 - Pre-removal
 - Post-removal
- Seabed impacts limited to within 1-2m
- Regulator no longer requires seabed surveys at the test site

Current thinking:

- No significant impacts from the operation of single devices and small arrays







Wildlife interactions with machines



Fish shoaling around tidal turbine



Wildlife interactions with machines



Seabirds on a Pelamis P2 device



No significant adverse effects observed from the deployment and operation of single machines.

Further monitoring and strategic research required to better understand potential interactions and to inform the sustainable development of larger projects.



Key lessons from the UK



Lessons learnt to date

- Understand the available resource undertake detailed resource assessment work
- Establish long term, stable political and financial support mechanisms e.g. feed-in-tariff, grant funding for R&D
- Undertake a Roadmapping exercise to create a structured development plan for the industry
- Identify opportunities for growing local economy, supply chain and jobs
- Develop a proportionate approach to consenting based upon experience to date
- Develop strong partnerships between stakeholders
- Information, education and communication are essential for social acceptance



Thank you



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